Programma di ricerca Regione-Università 2010-2012

Letters of Intents of Strategic Programmes of "Area 1- Innovative research"

Evaluation Workshops

Bologna 25/01/2012



Agenzia sanitaria e sociale regionale

Regione Emilia Romagna

Prof. Alessandro Liberati



"If we want more relevant information to become available, a new research governance strategy is needed"

Lancet Nov 19, 2011



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Agenda

- · The policy contest of R&D in Emilia-Romagna
- Il Programma di ricerca Regione-Università (PRU)
- Some reflections on PRU's first edition
- · Future directions for PRU, Area 1
- Rules and indications for the Workshop

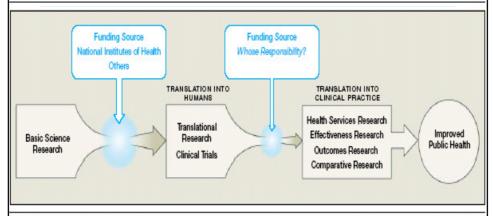


The policy context

- Research & Development (R&D) becomes a core duty of the Regional NHS (Regional Law 29, 2004)
- R&D activities should be promoted keeping in mind the type of research that is key to the Regional Health Care system
- Regional support to R&D should operate providing financial support as well as nurturing and expanding "research capacity" at different levels of the health services (where different type and intensity of R&D is to be implemented)
- Close collaboration with the Regional university system is key to make this R&D effort successful and to improve its quality and sustainability

JAMA, March 3, 2004 - Vol 291, No. 9

Figure 1. Two Translational Roadblocks on the Way Toward Improved Public Health



Clinical research can be viewed as encountering 2 separate roadblocks on the way toward improving public health. These 2 translational blocks have different factors creating each but whereas the National institutes of Health has been consistently targeting the bench-to-bedside block, no one is taking responsibility for the second, which is integrally tied with the funding of the health care delivery system.

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Research proposals presented and funded

(71/107, 63%)

Area 1 – Innovative research

36 proposals - 28 (78%) funded: 5 Neuroscience, 5 Transplant, 4 Oncology, 7 Advanced diagnostics, 7 Regenerative medicine

21.000.000€

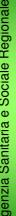
Area 2 - Research for Clinical Governance 50 proposals - 27 (54%) funded

7.500.000 €

Area 3 – Training and Research Network Development

1.500.000 €

21 proposals - 16 (76%) funded





Types of projects that were sought in Area 1: Innovative research

Proposals in the following theme areas were solicited:

Neuroscience Transplant Medicine Oncology Advanced diagnostics Regenerative medicine

They must have the following characteristics:

Be able to produce new knowledge Be conceived with a multidisciplinary approach Be construed to foster multicentric collaboration



Some reflections on PRU's first edition (Area 1 projects)

- Projects too narrowly focused on specific technologies and problems, or too exploratory in nature without a clear translational target
- Insufficient time for the conceptualisation and development of the research proposals
- Insufficient dialogue among researchers (doers) and users of the the results as it should be in regional health services-led projects
- Research ideas need to be more strategic and linked to "key innovation targets" that research groups can bring into their (local) practice



Future directions for PRU, AREA 1

Be more strategic:

move away from <u>Projects</u> and concentrate on fewer, larger scale, Programs

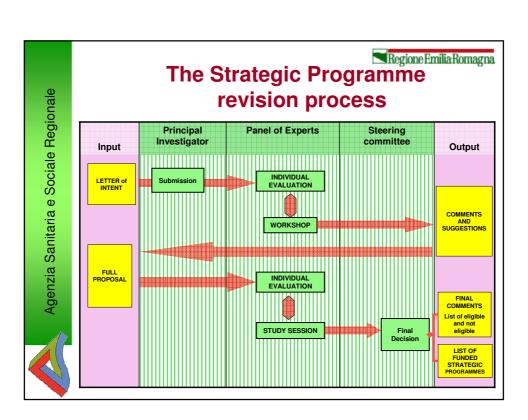
Harmonize, within the regional R&D strategy, different opportunities:

- ✓ "Leverage", to support the production of new knowledge
- "Governance", to balance the research agenda towards neglected research questions
- ✓ "<u>Capacity building</u>", to create a critical mass of doers and users of research within the Regional Health Service
- "Planning", to make research activities instrumental to the information needed for policy decisions
- "Innovation" in the ex ante and post hoc mechanisms for peer review and monitoring of the impact of results



Future directions for PRU, AREA 1

- How to move from "Projects" to "Programs"
- What sort of Programs are we looking at:
 - Coordinated efforts of Knowledge Translation activities for a given disease/health problem
 - Ordered mix of "theory enhancing" and "change promoting" projects (i.e. WorkPackages)
- How to identify the key steps that can lead to the in the
 development of Strategic programs (time, eligibility criteria for
 the proponents, type and quality of consultation among
 researchers and users, collaboration among AOU and other
 health services, etc.)





Workshop discussion

- Aim of the Workshop is to critically evaluate the Letter of Intent and provide the Principal Investigators with suggestions to improve the quality of the Proposal.
- The interaction between Expert Reviewers and Principal Investigators is a pivotal part of the evaluation process.
- Principal Investigators will receive a report summarizing strengths, weaknesses and suggestions emerged during the discussion.



Workshop organization

- 1. Close meeting among Referees ans Scientific Secretariat (30 min)
 - ✓ Working procedures
 - ✓ Appointment of chairperson
- 2. Discussion of Letter of Intent (95- 100 min)
 - ✓ Principal Investigator presentation (20 min)
 - ✓ Questions from the referees (45 min)
 - ✓ Closed meeting among the referees (30-35 min)



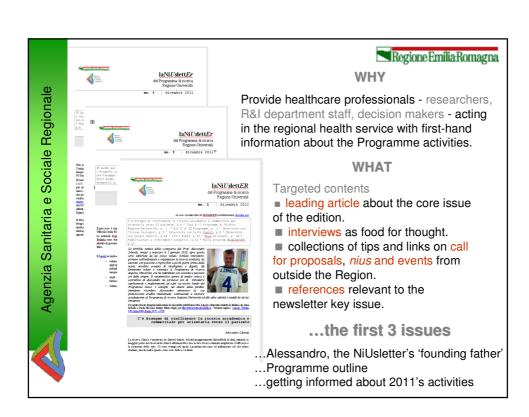
Study session

Two delegate of each panel will take part to the final meeting

Full proposals will be evaluated with respect to:

- Scientific soundness
- Relevance
- Feasibility
- Appropriateness of the Budget
- Adoption of the suggestion issued during the Workshop

Proposals will be considered eligible for funding if they reach at least a minimum threshold of quality (operative definitions to be detailed)





Workshop schedule

Discussion of the Letter of Intent will take place in the subsequent 95-100 min:

20 min for the Principal Investigator to present his/her project;

45 min for the Experts to ask for clarifications;

30-35 min closed meeting among the Referees to discuss and summarize the comments and come up with a shared judgment, which will be then forwarded to the Principal Investigators to the *SP*.

